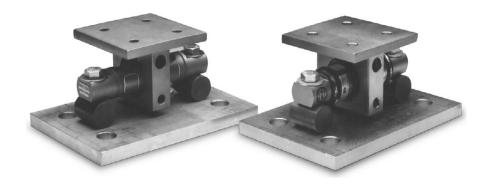
# **EZ Mount**

Load Cell Mounting Kit

# **Installation Manual**



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www.ricelake.com

# **Revision History**

This section tracks and describes manual revisions for awareness of major updates.

Revision	Date	Description			
Е	January 10, 2023	Established revision history; altered figures			
F	November 8, 2023	Updated load cell compatibility			

Table i. Revision Letter History



### EZ Mount Load Cell Mounting Kit

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# 1.0 Introduction

The installation should be planned by a qualified structural engineer.

Each installation is unique, this manual is meant to serve as a general guideline for installation.



Manuals and additional resources are available on the Rice Lake Weighing Systems website at www.ricelake.com

Warranty information can be found on the website at <a href="www.ricelake.com/warranties">www.ricelake.com/warranties</a>

The EZ Mount Kit provides an extremely accurate method for weighing medium and large capacity tanks and hoppers that are subject to large thermal expansion/contraction or vibration forces. The design uses a double ended shear beam load cell (700  $\Omega$  bridge) and transmits the load with a sliding pin on the load-bearing groove of the cell. This design is very effective in providing for thermal expansion/contraction with little friction.

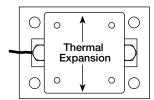


Figure 1-1. Thermal Expansion

In the majority of applications, the assemblies are self-checking and held captive with no need for check or stay rods, making this mount a good choice for areas with frequent seismic activity. The sliding pin design eases load cell installation and replacement without the need to raise the weighed vessel a large amount, which may disturb piping and other connections.

The EZ Mount is available in mild steel or stainless steel in five sizes from  $5,000 \, \text{lb} - 250,000 \, \text{lb}$ . The mount is compatible with RL70000, RL72020, RL72020SS, RL72020P and RTI 5103 mild steel load cells in capacities from  $5,000 \, \text{lb} - 250,000 \, \text{lb}$ . The EZ Mount is also available in stainless steel with RL70000SS and RTI 9103 in capacities from  $5,000 \, \text{lb} - 150,000 \, \text{lb}$ . The RL72019SS hermetically-sealed stainless steel load cells are available in capacities from  $5,000 \, \text{lb} - 60,000 \, \text{lb}$ .

# 1.1 Safety

#### **Safety Definitions:**



DANGER: Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. Includes hazards that are exposed when guards are removed.



WARNING: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided could result in serious injury or death. Includes hazards that are exposed when guards are removed.



**CAUTION**: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



IMPORTANT: Indicates information about procedures that, if not observed, could result in damage to equipment or corruption to and loss of data.

#### **General Safety**



Do not operate or work on this equipment unless this manual has been read and all instructions are understood. Contact any Rice Lake Weighing Systems dealer for replacement manuals.



#### WARNING

Failure to heed may result in serious injury or death.

Do not use for purposes other than weight measurement.

Do not use any load-bearing component that is worn beyond 5% of the original dimension.

Do not use this product if any of the components are cracked.

Do not exceed the rated load limit of the unit.

Do not make alterations or modifications to the unit.

## 2.0 Mechanical Installation

This section provides an overview of mechanical installation information.

#### 2.1 General Installation Guidelines for Tank Mounts

The mounting surface for the base and top plate must be level. After installation, the top and bottom plates must be level within  $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ .



NOTE: If the mounting surfaces are not level, use shims and/or grout to level the mount.

If possible, check that the mount is level when the vessel is fully loaded because excessive deflections in legs and supporting structures may cause additional side forces which affect accuracy. Deflection of the mounts top or base plate due to loading should not exceed  $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ .

Reinforcement of legs or other support structures may be necessary to correct deflection.

Vessels with long legs should have cross bracing applied between adjacent legs to keep them from spreading under load.

Compression mounting systems use three, four, or more mounts.



IMPORTANT: Avoid using more than eight-mount systems as even weight distribution becomes extremely difficult to achieve.

The load on each mount assembly should vary by no more than 20%.



NOTE: Add shims where necessary to achieve correct load distribution.

It is recommended to use a dummy load cells during an installation.



WARNING: If the actual load cells are used during installation, avoid overload damage to the loadcell. A tank or hopper can exert huge forces when dropped only a fraction of an inch.

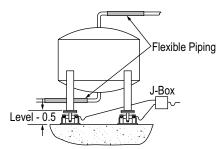


Figure 2-1. Typical Installation

#### EZ Mount Load Cell Mounting Kit

It is crucial that all piping (or conduit) is horizontal and flexible.



NOTE: If flexible piping is not used, ensure distance from the vessel to the first pipe support is 20-30 times pipe diameter. For details, see the Load Cell and Weigh Module Handbook (PN 22054).

In smaller, lower capacity tanks and hoppers, isolating resultant forces is critical. Load cells should not be installed in mounts until welding is complete. The heat generated from welding currents passing through load cells can damage the adhesive holding the strain gauge to body.



NOTE: Use dummy load cells when welding to maintain finished height.

If welding is unavoidable after load cell installation, connect the ground so the current does not flow through the load cell.

Example: If welding on the mount top plate, the ground must be connected to the vessel and not to the mount base or support structure. Protect the load cell and cable from weld splatter.



NOTE: Use hermetically sealed RL72019SS load cells in washdown applications.



WARNING: Environmentally protected load cells are not suitable for such applications and will be damaged.

If tanks and surrounding equipment are frequently steam cleaned, or if the load cell is subjected to direct washdown, a protective shroud for the weighing assembly is recommended. Proper drainage is necessary so the weighing assembly is not standing in water. All support points should be equally stiff so that they deflect by the same amount as the vessel is loaded.

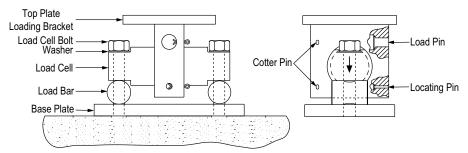


Figure 2-2. Parts Illustration

# 2.2 Installing the EZ Mount

The type of installation and strength of the mounting surface governs the method of locating, attaching, and assembling the EZ Mount assembly. Carefully consider three areas which commonly cause accuracy problems:

- Are supporting legs adequately braced so they will not spread when system is fully loaded?
- Does the supporting structure have the necessary strength to prevent excessive deflection when the system is fully loaded?
- Is there attached equipment such as skirting, venting, or piping which is likely to cause binding or lack of flexibility?
- 1. Determine where to position the mount and in which direction it should be oriented. The EZ Mount is designed to allow for lateral movement in the direction perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the load cell. These tank weighing units should be oriented so that the movement due to thermal expansion/contraction is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis. Sample mounting orientations to accommodate expansion for different vessel shapes are as follows:

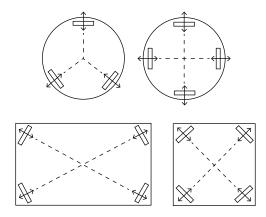


Figure 2-3. Double-Ended Beam Orientation

- Assemble the mounts by inserting either a dummy load cell or the actual load cell into the hole in the top plate loading bracket then installing the load pin and locating pin (Section 6.0 on page 14).
- Pass the load cell bolts through the ends of the load cell and load bars and thread into the base plate. Tighten by hand.



CAUTION: Overtightened bolts may have adverse effects on load cell performance.



IMPORTANT: The arrow on the load cell should point in the direction of the load.

Lift and block the vessel to the same height as the assembled mounts.

#### EZ Mount Load Cell Mounting Kit

5. Remove the block from one support point and slide mount into position.



NOTE: If the mount is being fitted under the leg of a vessel, verify that the leg's center line passes through the center of the top plate (through the center of the load cell).

- 6. Lower the corner or side of the vessel carefully onto the top plate. The force of a vessel weighing several tons can damage a load cell if dropped only a fraction of an inch.
- 7. With the top plate positioned approximately level, mark holes for attaching the top plate to the vessel's mounting surface. Drill holes and attach top plate loosely to vessel with suitable fasteners.
- 8. Repeat Step 4-Step 7 for the mounting assemblies at the remaining corners or sides.



NOTE: Verify that there is no initial misalignment between the base plate and top plate and that the load cell is in the center of the hole in the top plate loading bracket. Relocate if necessary.

Attach the base plates to the foundation using suitable anchors for concrete or by bolting or welding to a steel structure.



NOTE: Verify that the base plates are no more than  $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$  out of level. Shim if necessary. Verify that the top plates are no more than  $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$  out of level. Shim if necessary and fully tighten mounting bolts.

If dummy cells are used, replace with actual load cells. Refer to Step 4.

10. To achieve equal load distribution, make final height adjustments by placing shims between the top plate loading bracket and the weighing vessel.



NOTE: The variation in load among the cells should be no more than 20%.

To accurately check load distribution, excite each load cell and measure the output with a voltmeter.

Verify that the bolts securing the load cell to the base plate are tight. Torque the load cell bolts to only 20 foot-pounds. This allows the double-ended load cell to flex under load.



# 3.0 Load Cell Wiring

This section provides an overview of load cell wiring information.

- 1. Route the load cell cables so they will not be damaged or cut. Cable should not be routed near heat sources greater than 150°F. Do not shorten any load cell cable. The load cell is temperature compensated with the supplied length of cable. Cutting the cable will affect temperature compensation. Coil and protect excess cable so it will not be mechanically damaged or be sitting in water.
- Provide a drip loop in all cables so that water or other liquids will not run directly down the cables onto either the load cells or the junction box. Attach load cell cable to the dead structure, not to the vessel.



NOTE: If conduit protection is necessary against mechanical or rodent damage to the load cell cables, use flexible conduit and conduit adapters at the load cells.

Conduit can also provide protection against moisture ingress into the load cell.

 Connect cables for standard RL70000, RL70000SS, RL72020, RL72020SS, RL72020P, RTI 5103, RTI 9103 load cells or RL72019SS welded seal load cells to the summing board in the junction box according to the guide shown below and the labels on terminal strips of the junction box.



NOTE: To verify the wiring scheme, see the certification shipped with each load cell.



NOTE: For better performance, use positive and negative remote sense lines if the wiring running from the junction box to the indicator is longer than 25'.

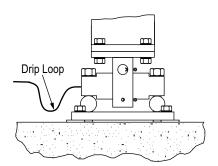


Figure 3-1. Drip Loop

Wire Color	Signal				
Red	+ Excitation				
Black	<ul><li>Excitation</li></ul>				
Green	+ Signal				
White	<ul><li>Signal</li></ul>				
Gray or Bare	Shield				

Table 3-1. Load Cell Wiring



NOTE: Installations may vary. Check the load cell color code of the unit.



## 4.0 Junction Box

See additional resources for device and junction box information.



NOTE: Manuals and additional resources are available on the Rice Lake Weighing Systems website at <a href="https://www.ricelake.com">www.ricelake.com</a>.

Additional information not included in this manual which may be required for proper device configuration may include material regarding connections, adjustments and calibration.

• Refer to the junction box manufacturers documentation for the junction box installed for trimming details



NOTE: Junction box installation details vary depending on model and manufacturer.

• Refer to the Load Cell and Weigh Module Handbook (PN 22054) for system calibration details

# 5.0 Troubleshooting

This section provides an overview of troubleshooting information.

Issues associated with load cells are often non-loadcell related. Ensure all parts of the device are properly connected and secured prior to troubleshooting:

- Check load cell mount for debris restricting load cell movement or debris between scale and structure.
- 2. Check that tank/vessel and mounts are plumb, level, and square at critical areas.
- 3. Check all piping and conduit for connections which restrict vessel movement.



NOTE: If check rods are used, loosen all connections to finger tight only for testing.

- Check the load cell cables for damage.
- Check all electrical connections.

If the system can be calibrated but does not return to zero, loses calibration, or demonstrates non-linearity or non-repeatability, see Table 5-1 for troubleshooting information.

Symptom	Possible Cause				
Not returning to zero	Mechanical binding or debris in seals or under load cells; May have lost system calibration				
Non-linearity	Thermal expansion or deflection under load causing binding or side load				
Non-repeatability	Loose load cell mount; Drifting caused by moisture; Load cell overload or shack damage; Mechanical binding				
Lost calibration	Out of level or plumb; Moisture problem; Mechanical binding				
Drifting readout	Moisture in junction box, cables or load cells; Mechanical binding				

Table 5-1. Troubleshooting Information

#### If issues persist:

- 1. Check possible indicator malfunction by using a load cell simulator to input a known good signal into the indicator.
- Disconnect each load cell's signal leads at the junction box and check individual load cell outputs with a multimeter then check input/output impedances for comparison with load cell manufacturer's specifications.

If previous troubleshooting does not resolve the issue, see the following procedure:

- 1. Reconnect all but one load cell.
- Replace the load cell with a load cell simulator. Alternate so that each load cell is individually disconnected and replaced with a simulator.



NOTE: If there is a problem with a particular load cell, the symptom should disappear when that load cell is disconnected and replaced with simulator.



# 6.0 Replacement Parts

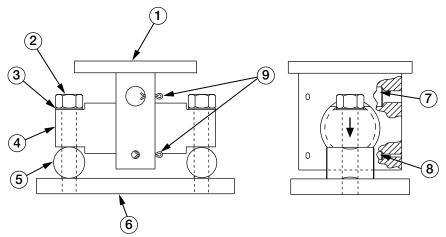


Figure 6-1. Replacement Parts Diagram

#### Mild Steel Mounts

			Part No.					
Item No.	Description	Qty.	A*	B*	C*	D*	E*	
1	Top Plate Loading Bracket	1	18273	18274	18275	29014	26061	
2	Load Cell Bolt	2	14773	14795	14797	14797	26071	
3	Washer	6	15177	15184	15184	15184	26070	
4	Double-Ended Shear Beam Load Cell	1	Visit www.ricelake.com for replacement parts list					
5	Load Bar	2	18267	18268	18269	18269	26073	
6	Base Plate	1	18264	18265	81266	82166	26074	
7	Load Pin	1	18270	18271	18272	18272	26067	
8	Locating Pin	1	18261	18262	18263	18263	26076	
9	Cotter Pins	2	15229	15251	15257	15257	26069	
_	JB4SS Junction Box (30K to 250K Capacity Kits)	1	107700					

Table 6-1. Mild Steel Mount Replacement Parts List

- \* A-size mounts use load cells with capacities from 5,000 lb 20,000 lb.
- \* B-size mounts use load cells with capacities from 30,000 lb 60,000 lb.
- \* C-size mounts use load cells with a capacity of 100,000 lb.
- \* D-size mounts use load cells with a capacity of 150,000 lb.
- \* E-size mounts use load cells with a capacity of 200,000 lb. and 250,000 lb.

#### Stainless Steel Mounts

			Part No.					
Item No.	Description	Qty.	A*	B*	C*	D*		
1	Top Plate Loading Bracket	1	18376	18377	18378	29013		
2	Load Cell Bolt	2	14774	14796	14798	14798		
3	Washer	6	15178	15187	15187	15187		
4	Double-Ended Shear Beam Load Cell	1	Visit www.ricelake.com for replacement parts list					
5	Load Bar	2	18267	18268	18269	18269		
6	Base Plate	1	18370	18371	18372	18372		
7	Load Pin	1	18270	18271	18272	18272		
8	Locating Pin	1	18373	18374	18375	18375		
9	Cotter Pins	2	15230	15252	15258	15258		
_	JB4SS Junction Box (30K to 250K Capacity Kits)	1	107700					

Table 6-2. Stainless Steel Mount Replacement Parts List

- \* A-size mounts use load cells with capacities from 5,000 lb 20,000 lb.
- \* B-size mounts use load cells with capacities from 30,000 lb 60,000 lb.
- \* C-size mounts use load cells with a capacity of 100,000 lb.
- \* D-size mounts use load cells with a capacity of 150,000 lb.
- \* E-size mounts use load cells with a capacity of 200,000 lb. and 250,000 lb.





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